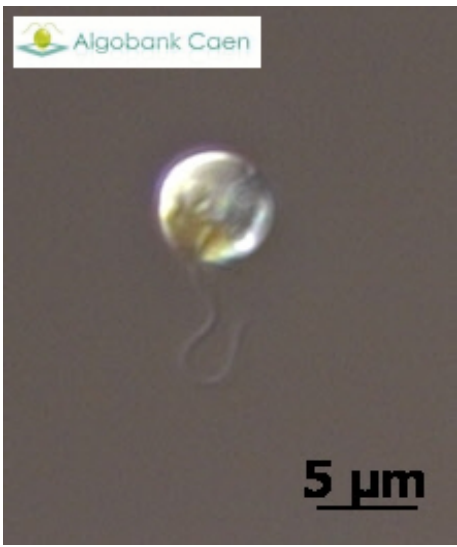


## AC24 *Ochromonas aestuarii*

Taxonomy		Image	Origin		
<b>Kingdom</b>	Chromista		<b>Climatic Zone</b>	Temperate	
<b>Division</b>	Heterokontophyta		<b>Habitat</b>	Coastal	
<b>Class</b>	Chrysophyceae		<b>Ocean</b>	North Atlantic	
<b>Order</b>	Chromulinales		<b>Sea</b>	English Channel	
<b>Family</b>	<i>Chromulinaceae</i>		<b>Country</b>	France	
<b>Genus</b>	<i>Ochromonas</i>		<b>Region</b>	Basse-Normandie	
<b>Species</b>	aestuarii		<b>Geolocation</b>		
<b>Authority(ies)</b>	-		<b>Latitude</b>	49.266	
		<b>Longitude</b>	-0.243000		
Identity		Morphology	Culture		
<b>Holotype</b>	No	<b>Length (µm)</b>	-	<b>Isolated by</b>	H. Lepailleur
<b>Equivalent code</b>	-	<b>Width (µm)</b>	-	<b>Isolation date</b>	1965
<b>Deposited by</b>	-	<b>Diameter</b>	-	<b>Isolation site</b>	Sallenelles
<b>Deposit date</b>	-	<b>Wall</b>	-	<b>Culture medium</b>	ES
<b>Identified by</b>	-	<b>Comments</b>	Observed forms : flagellate cells (no eyespot); siliceous cyst. Re-isolated by Ian Probert in 2003		
			<b>Growth temperature</b>	16 °C	
			<b>Growth light</b>	90 µE	
			<b>Toxicity</b>	Unproven	
External Links					
<b>Genbank accession number</b>	-				
<b>References</b>	-				